



Collaboration for Leadership in Applied Health Research and Care (CLAHRC) Greater Manchester

## Research into practice: How can we do it?

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Greater Manchester

Manchester Business School, University of Manchester





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## The research 'pipeline'

"Research"



WHAT works?



A hierarchy of evidence

Level I	<ul> <li>Experimental study, randomized cor croined trial (RCT)</li> <li>Systematic review of RCTs, with or without meta-analysis</li> </ul>
Level II	<ul> <li>Quasi-experimental Study</li> <li>Systematic review of a combination of RCTs and quasi-experimental, or quasi-experimental studies only, with or without meta-analysis.</li> </ul>
Level III	<ul> <li>Non-experimental study</li> <li>Systematic review of a combination of RCTs, quasi-experimental and non-experimental, or non-experimental studies only, with or without meta-analysis.</li> <li>Qualitative study or systematic review, with or without meta-analysis.</li> </ul>
Level IV	<ul> <li>Opinion of respected authorities and/or nationally recognized expert committees/consensus panels based on scientific evidence.</li> <li>Includes clinical practice guidelines and consensus panels</li> </ul>
Level V	<ul> <li>Based on experiential and non-research evidence.</li> <li>Includes literature reviews, quality improvement, program or financial evaluation, case reports and opinion of nationally recognized expert(s) based on experiential evidence</li> </ul>

## 1<sup>st</sup> and 2<sup>nd</sup> gaps in translation

#### T1

process of transferring basic science into new drugs and technologies.

#### **T2**

process of taking current scientific knowledge and ensuring it is applied routinely in clinical practice and care



Woolf SH: The Meaning of Translational Research and Why it Matters. *JAMA 2008, 299:211-213*, and the Cooksey Report 2006

### Knowledge transfer



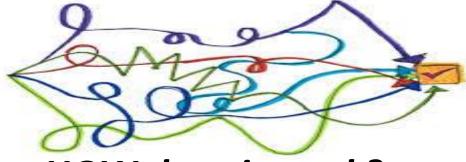
- Focus on individual (behaviour)
- Evidence as a product (e.g. guideline)
- Linear logical view of evidence use (push)
- Lack of consideration of the influence of context of practice/service delivery (pull)

### Understanding how "research" is used

#### "Research"



WHAT works?



**HOW** does it work?

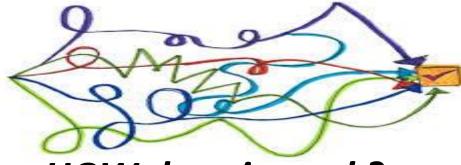


#### 'Research' into WHAT and HOW

#### "Research"



WHAT works?



**HOW** does it work?



### Evidence-based implementation

• 'Evidence-based medicine should be complemented by evidence-based implementation' (Grol 1997)

The study of this process is 'implementation science':

- Study of methods to promote the uptake of proven clinical practices and organisational interventions into policy and practice
- Study of implementation processes, fidelity and context
- Study of influences on provider, patient and organisational behaviour

#### **Tensions**

Academic papers →

Grant income  $\rightarrow$ 

'Impact' →

Career trajectories  $\rightarrow$ 

Personal profile →



← Policy priorities

← Financial return

← Resources

← Immediate needs

← Local context

← Patients

"DOING"



"KNOWING"

### How we can get research into practice

- 1. Dissemination tailored formats, active
- 2. Social influence experts and peers
- 3. Interaction stronger links between research & practice communities
- **4. Facilitation** enabling through technical, financial, organisational, personal support/development
- 5. Incentives (rewards) & reinforcement

Adapted from: Walter I, Nutley SM & Davies HTO (2003) Developing a Taxonomy of Interventions used to Increase the Impact of Research. Discussion Paper 3, Research Unit for Research Utilisation, University of St Andrews.

#### 1. Dissemination – tailored formats, active

- Easy to read
- Appropriate words
- Executive Summary
- Presentation as well as report





- Websites with downloadable resources
- Linking from/to other national/professional/ third sector websites
- Social media to spread the word
- Speaking at events

#### 2. Social influence – experts and peers

- Who are the key influencers?
  - May not always be who you think ... who do people talk with/go to?
- Know your commissioners
- A range of professions
- Local people with wider (regional/national) roles
- Senior support is important but you still have to build relationships locally
- Peer pressure or competition?

## Interaction – links between research & practice communities

- Not easy on your own a team approach?
- Multiple links at different levels
- Link with existing things meetings, seminars, networks
- Especially for university academics:
  - Get out there' ... shadow, visit, sit there
  - Invite people in (but why would they want to come?)

## 4. Facilitation – enabling through support/development

- Helping others to implement research into practice
- Essential especially in primary care
- Most effective when it involves multidisciplinary teams
- Flexibility is important
- Requires resources
- If done properly, leads to sustainable improvement

Successful Implementation = Facilitation of (innovation + recipients + context)

[IPARiHS framework, Harvey and Kitson, 2015]

#### 5. Incentives (rewards) and reinforcement

- Understand what these are ..
- And for whom they are important

**GP**: is it in the QOF?

Manager: does it save money?

**Nurse:** does it improve patient care? ...and do people like it?

#### Getting research into practice: key points

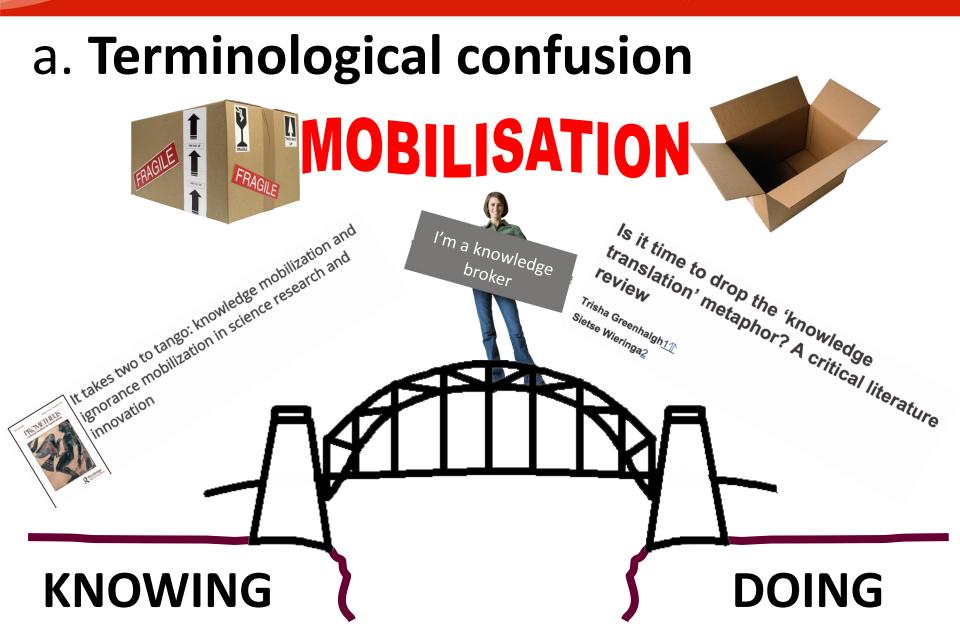
- It doesn't just happen
- It is 'messy' with no 'one size fits all'
- It is about people, systems and organisations

"We had a nice neat linear model of research into practice, but if I've learned one thing through CLAHRC ... it's that the process isn't linear at all"

(CLAHRC Director – Clinical Academic)

In an ever-changing field

#### THE LATEST DEVELOPMENTS



## b. Types of evidence

Type of evidence	Description
Theoretical	Ideas, concepts, and models used to describe the intervention, to explain how and why it works, and to connect it to a wider knowledge base and framework
Empirical	Information about the actual use of the intervention, and about its effectiveness and outcomes in use
Experiential	Information about people's experiences of the service or intervention, and the interaction between them

(Glasby et al. 2007)

#### c. Complex interventions

What is in the box?



[MRC Framework for Complex Interventions, MRC guidance for process evaluation]

#### Multiple components

deployed at

Multiple levels

targeting

Multiple structures and processes

to achieve

Multiple (often conflicting) goals

within

Dynamic, heterogeneous settings

Adapted from Mittman B, 2015

## d. Think networks (rather than transfer, mobilisation, bridges etc ...)



## Research into practice: How can we do it?

- Recognise there is a difference between DOING implementation and RESEARCHING it ... but research must inform the doing
  - You can make a difference

### Thank you

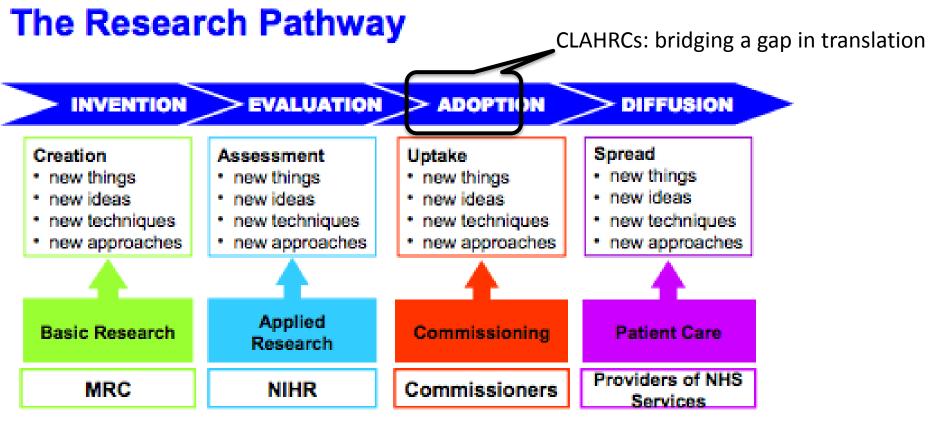
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For information only

# NIHR COLLABORATIONS FOR LEADERSHIP IN APPLIED HEALTH RESEARCH AND CARE (CLAHRCS): SOME BACKGROUND

Not basic University, NHS, third sector, industry, patients and the public science or early stage innovation NIHR (Collaboration) for Leadership in Applied Health Research (CLAHRC) Greater Manchester

~3m population, lots of health challenges, health budget to be devolved from 2016



"NIHR CLAHRCs address the **evaluation** and **identification** of those **new interventions** that are effective and appropriate for everyday use in the NHS and the **process of their implementation** into routine clinical practice"

### 2014-2019 13 CLAHRCs: one per AHSN



NIHR CLAHRC North West London \*

NIHR CLAHRC East of England \*

NIHR CLAHRC East Midlands (was 2)

NIHR CLAHRC Greater Manchester \*

NIHR CLAHRC North Thames \*

NIHR CLAHRC North West Coast

NIHR CLAHRC Oxford \*

NIHR CLAHRC South London \*

NIHR CLAHRC South West Peninsula

**NIHR CLAHRC Wessex** 

NIHR CLAHRC West

NIHR CLAHRC West Midlands

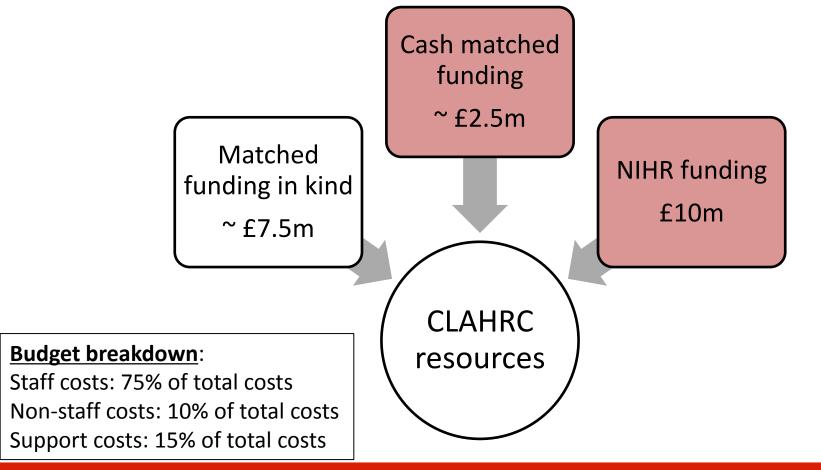
NIHR CLAHRC Yorkshire and Humber (was 2)

http://www.clahrcpp.co.uk/#!clahrcs/cjg9

EY: New CLAHRC (not in previous funding round)

\* Also has an Academic Health Science Centre (AHSC)

#### CLAHRC GM resources: 2014-2018



### CLAHRC GM vision and objectives

create true and enduring partnerships that deliver high quality research, which improves health care and has impact in Greater Manchester and beyond

Innovating through research

Primary Care

Getting evidence into practice

Showing the difference it makes

Developing people and organisations

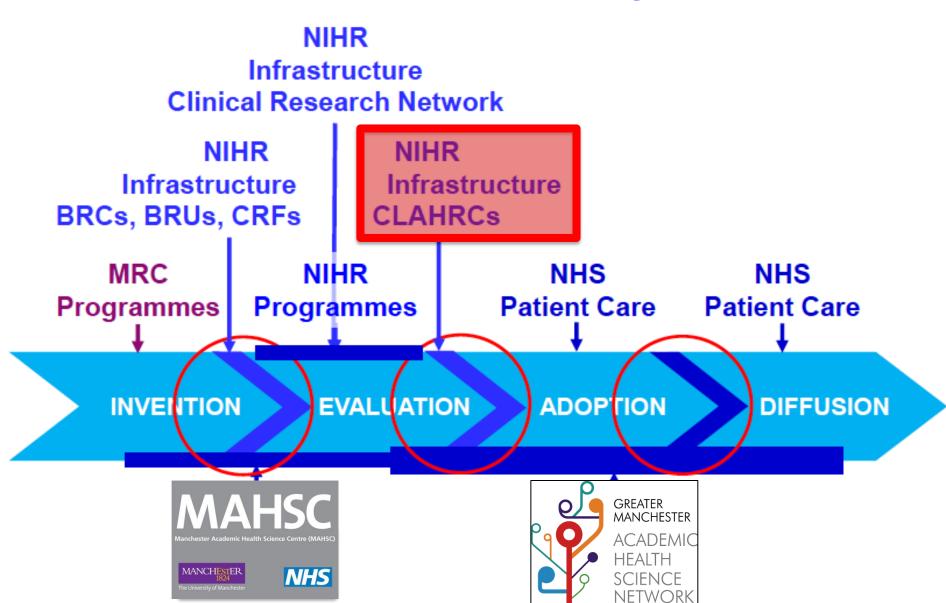
Patient-Centred Care

Community Services

learning and evaluation capacity development akeholder engagemen



## AHSNs, AHSCs and the Research and Innovation Landscape



## The 'crowded landscape'





National Institute for Health Research Manchester Musculoskeletal Biomedical Research Unit







National Institute for Health and Care Excellence



Strategic Clinical Networks

(Greater Manchester, Lancashire and South Cumbria)







Clinical Research Network



GREATER MANCHESTER ACADEMIC HEALTH SCIENCE



#### **INVENTION**

#### **EVALUATION**

#### **ADOPTION**

#### **DIFFUSION**



NICE

National Institute for Health and Care Excellence

School for Primary Care Research



National Institute for Health Research Manchester Musculoskeletal Biomedical Research Unit







Strategic Clinical Networks (Greater Manchester, Lancashire and South Cumbria)





## Find out more ... clahrc-gm.nihr.ac.uk

#### National Institute for Health Research

Collaboration for Leadership in Applied Health Research and Care (CLAHRC) Greater Manchester

Home

News and blogs

About us

Our team

Our work

Patient and public engagement/involvement (PPI/E)

Project and evaluation reports

**Publications** 

**Posters** 

**Presentations** 

Our work (2008-2013)

#### **Welcome to the NIHR CLAHRC Greater Manchester**

The Collaboration for Leadership in Applied Health Research and Care (CLAHRC) Greater Manchester is part of the National Institute for Health Research and is a partnership between providers and commissioners from the NHS, industry, the third sector and the University of Manchester. We aim to improve the health of people in Greater Manchester and beyond through carrying out research and putting it into practice.

BLOG: Family cancer carers deserve the role of expert partners in caring

Rebecca Spencer, a CLAHRC Project Manager, blogs about how family cancer carers should have the right to influence important care decisions.

More 🔿

Groundbreaking mental health theatre production now available to view online

Kidney injury prevention card delivered to Salford pharmacists and GPs

BLOG: Family cancer carers deserve the role of expert partners in caring

Search



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#### Twitter

- Our @MBSHealthMgt friends host cracking seminars. Next one is on payment, power & commissioning of health services http://t.co/SaLM6icQ6P about 2 days ago
- RT @OfficialNIHR: Would you like to discuss the #NIHR's patient and public involvement? Visit us at stand 108 @NHSExpo #Expo15NHS http://t.... about 3 days ago
- Be sure to visit the @OfficialNIHR #OneNIHR stall at the @NHSExpo. Lots to see and talk about! #Expo15NHS about 4 days ago
- #SalfordResearch Week (5-11 Sept) looks like it will be fab for patients, professionals & the public. Find out more: http://t.co/tah2X5787L about 5 days ago